

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE HAZARDS OF THE FOREST ENVIRONMENT

Purpose: General Hazards of Working Near or Visiting Forested Areas

Personal Protective Equipment and clothing specific to this Procedure:













Safety Footwear Safety Helmet

High Visibility

Long Trousers

Safety Glasses

ForestrySA is a Non-Smoking Worksite

* WHEN ENTERING THE FOREST ENVIRONMENT BE AWARE OF ANY NEW OR ONGOING HAZARDS

Equipment specific to task:				
☐ UHF Radio / Mobile Phone				
Pre-requisite training or competency	requirements:			
☐ ForestrySA Induction			Contractor Induction (if applicable)	_
References:				-
Harvesting Contactor Locations	☐ Fire Maps		☐ Regular Visitor / Minor Contractor Induction	
☐ Operations Plan	Logging Signs (incl. radio channel)	ı	□ ★Legal Requirements – refer to Compliance Register for more information	
Recommended Procedure			Potential Risk/Impact Considerations (Safety, Environment, Quality)	_

Job Step 1: The forest floor can be uneven, through mounding or ploughing, with hidden holes, logging slash, vegetation, sloping terrain, and caves. When wet or damp any litter, debris or slash becomes very slippery – use extra care. Beware of snakes, spiders, bees and wasps.

REMEMBER - TAKE 5 - take time - take charge.

- Always move in a careful and considered manner anticipate trip/slip hazards.
- Continually assess hazards and risks when in the forest environment.
- Long trousers must be worn during outdoor forest activities.
- Use UV protection provided (clothing, hats, sunscreen and glasses)
- Falls, sprains, strains, cuts from falling on wood slash.
- Falling down sinkhole, caves or mineshafts
- Sun burn and skin disease

Job Step 2: Branches and needles can scratch face/eyes/legs, in particular when working in unthinned areas.

- Wear safety glasses
- Wear long trousers

- · Penetration injuries to eyes.
- Scratches to face/legs/arms

Job Step 3: Trees may contain, broken tops, debris from adjacent felled trees, pine cones may dislodge or animals / birds may drop cones when startled.

- Safety helmets must be worn when working in plantations where trees are above head height. ★
- Try to look ahead for any overhead hazards when moving through the forest.
- Impact injuries to the head or trunk.

Job Step 4: Contractors have their own site rules. Find out requirements if visiting their work area.

- Contact a ForestrySA supervisor for instructions on Contractor site rules.
- Do not enter an operational forest site unless communication by UHF Radio or Phone (where possible), has occurred with the nominated contact
- · Crush injuries.
- Operations / Contractors not aware of individuals / vehicles on their worksite. Can lead to damage to vehicles or unnecessary exposure of individuals to hazards.

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PDA: 17708 Next Review: 13/11/2017



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	(Safety, Environment, Quality)
person (Contractor) on site, or the FSA Contract Supervisor (as appropriate) to ensure all stakeholders are aware of proposed time frames and activities. Does not apply in emergency operations.	•
 High Visibility clothing must be worn around machinery (zips or velcro tabs must be closed). ★ 	
 Always keep a safe reasonable distance from machinery and stay in sight of operator. ★ 	
If approaching operating machinery to talk to the operator, come from the side and wait until the operator notifies you to approach.	
Park vehicles ensuring they do not block firebreaks and are visible to all use hazard lights if advantageous.	
MINIMISE work in compartments where falling or extraction or similar activities are still active.	
Job Step 5: Beware of other machinery operators	
Wear Hi-Vis clothing	Crush injuries
Be a safe distance from working machine	Flying debris
Stay where the operator can see you	Potential for contamination from aerial operations
Do not approach machine until it has stopped	
Try to avoid working in compartments adjacent to aerial operations that may involve chemical or fertiliser application	
Job Step 6: Driving ForestrySA vehicle off-road	
Drive to the conditions	Vehicle crash / rollover
Obey all signage *	Personal injury
Comply with all road rules ★.	
Select appropriate route and terrain – NEVER drive diagonally up or down a slope	
Job Step 7: Driving in Severe Weather conditions	
Take appropriate action whenever there is	
Poor visibility	Trees and branches falling
Heavy rain	Vehicle crash
High winds	
Job Step 8: Hot Conditions and Hydration	
Drink small drinks of water often when doing heavy hot work, rather than consuming large drinks every now and again.	Dehydration
Increase your intake of fluids if your urine is dark and add a little extra salt to food if acclimatising – do not take salt tablets	
If you suffer dehydration, do not recommence work until you are fully rehydrated.	
Here hot weather or heat stress conditions are anticipated. the Manager responsible for each work area has the authority to:	
Manage the hours or the work rate;	
Reschedule certain work, or limit it to the cooler parts of the day;	
Provide alternative, lighter work (in better climatic	

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conditions if available eg. shade);	
 Provide regular rest breaks; 	
• Rotate employees engaged in heavier or high risk tasks;	
 Provide access to cool potable drinking water; 	
• Erect temporary shade covers to reduce effects of sun;	
 Install effective air conditioners and blinds/tinting, etc on all machinery with enclosed cabins; and 	
• Use air circulating fans or portable coolers.	
Job Step 9: Wet, cold and windy conditions	
 If at the Managers discretion the working conditions become too dangerous to work, the employees may be assigned alternative work in a safer environment; Wear high visibility clothing when working in wet and low visibility conditions; ForestrySA will provide appropriate PPE, including wet weather gear and footwear; Not using hand-held electric or motorised equipment, except in an emergency or where it is deemed to be safe; Employees will be encouraged to bring a change of clothes to the workplace if it is reasonably foreseeable that the working conditions are wet and cold; and The employee and Manager are to communicate such hazards if conditions change or worsen and appropriate action taken on an as needs basis. 	 Crushing injuries from wind or dim lighting Slips and falls from wet ground conditions Hypothermia from cold temperatures
Olement I Wester Personal	
Clean up / Waste disposal	
 If applicable, dispose of chemical waste as per the label and SDS* instructions. 	Environmental contamination from waste.
Dispose or recycle pen chemical waste appropriately	Quality contamination of products e.g. plastic in

- Dispose or recycle non-chemical waste appropriately.
- woodchip.

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